Financial Report
with Supplemental Information
June 30, 2017

	Contents
Independent Auditor's Report	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-9
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	10 11
Fund Financial Statements: Governmental Funds: Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	12 13 14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	15
Fiduciary Funds: Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	16 17
Notes to Financial Statements	19-40
Required Supplemental Information	41
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	42
Schedule of Hartland Consolidated Schools' Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System Determined as of the Plan Year Ended September 30	43
Schedule of Hartland Consolidated Schools' Contributions Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System Determined as of the Year Ended June 30	44
Note to Required Supplemental Information Schedules	45
Other Supplemental Information	46
Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Combined General Fund	47
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:  Combining Balance Sheet  Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and  Changes in Fund Balances	48-49 50-51
Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness	52
Federal Awards Supplemental Information	Issued Under Separate Cover



Suite 400 1000 Oakbrook Drive Ann Arbor, MI 48104 Tel: 734.665.9494 Fax: 734.665.0664 plantemoran.com

#### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education Hartland Consolidated Schools

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hartland Consolidated Schools as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Hartland Consolidated Schools' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hartland Consolidated Schools as of June 30, 2017 and the respective changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



To the Board of Education
Hartland Consolidated Schools

### **Required Supplemental Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the major fund budgetary comparison schedules, and pension system schedules of funding progress and employer contributions, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Other Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Hartland Consolidated Schools' basic financial statements. The other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 6, 2017 on our consideration of Hartland Consolidated Schools' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Hartland Consolidated Schools' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

October 6, 2017

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

This section of Hartland Consolidated Schools' (the "School District") annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

#### **Using this Annual Report**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Hartland Consolidated Schools financially as a whole. The government-wide financial statements provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the School District's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the School District's most significant funds - the General Fund, the 2010 Debt Service Fund, and the 2015 Refunding Series B Debt Service Fund, with all other funds presented in one column as nonmajor funds. The remaining statements, the statement of fiduciary net position and the statement of changes in fiduciary net position, present financial information about activities for which the School District acts solely as an agent for the benefit of students and parents. This report is comprised of the following elements:

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplemental Information)

**Basic Financial Statements** 

Government-wide Financial Statements Fund Financial Statements

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(Required Supplemental Information)
Budgetary Information for Major Funds
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Schedule of the School District's Pension Plan Contributions

Other Supplemental Information

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

#### Reporting the School District as a Whole - Government-wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the School District is, "As a whole, what is the School District's financial condition as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities, which appear first in the School District's financial statements, report information on the School District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. These two statements report the School District's net position - the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, as reported in the statement of net position - as one way to measure the School District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position - as reported in the statement of activities - are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenue and expenses is the School District's operating results. However, the School District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other nonfinancial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the schools, to assess the overall health of the School District. The statement of net position and the statement of activities report the governmental activities for the School District, which encompass all of the School District's services, including instruction, support services, community services, athletics, and food services. Property taxes, unrestricted state aid (foundation allowance revenue), and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

### Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds - Fund Financial Statements

The School District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, the School District establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (the Food Service and Athletics Funds are examples) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money (such as bond-funded construction funds used for voter-approved capital projects). The governmental funds of the School District use the following accounting approach:

**Governmental funds** - All of the School District's services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the operations of the School District and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation.

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

### The School District as Trustee - Reporting the School District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its student activity funds. All of the School District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the School District's other financial statements because the School District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

#### The School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table I provides a summary of the School District's net position as of June 30, 2017:

TABLE I	Governmental Activities							
	June 30							
	,	2017		2016				
		(in mi	llions)					
Assets								
Current and other assets	\$	18.3	\$	18.2				
Capital assets		122.7		128.1				
Total assets		141.0		146.3				
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred charges on bond refunding		-		1.0				
Deferred outflows related to pensions		11.4		9.3				
Total deferred outflows of resources		11.4		10.3				
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		152.4		156.6				
Liabilities								
Current liabilities		10.4		11.6				
Noncurrent liabilities - Due within one year		17.4		17.1				
Noncurrent liabilities - Due in more than one year		135.5		141.2				
Net pension liability		76.4		73.8				
Total liabilities		239.7		243.7				
Deferred Inflows of Resources		2.6	-	2.3				
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		242.3		246.0				
Net Position								
Invested in capital assets - Net of related debt		(29.8)		(28.5)				
Restricted		2.4		2.4				
Unrestricted		(62.5)		(63.3)				
Total net position	\$	(89.9)	\$	(89.4)				

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

The above analysis focuses on the net position (see Table 1). The change in net position (see Table 2) of the School District's governmental activities is discussed below. The School District's net position was (\$89.9) million at June 30, 2017. Capital assets, net of related debt totaling (\$29.8) million, compares the original cost, less depreciation of the School District's capital assets, to long-term debt used to finance the acquisition of those assets. Most of the debt will be repaid from voter-approved property taxes collected as the debt service comes due. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School District's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations. The remaining amount of net position (\$62.5) million was unrestricted, which has a negative balance due to the recording of the School District's portion of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) net pension liability with the implementation of GASB 68.

The results of this year's operations for the School District as a whole are reported in the statement of activities (Table 2), which shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2017 and 2016.

TABLE 2	Governmental Activities								
	Year Ended June 30								
	2	2017	2	.016					
		(in mil	lions)						
Revenue									
Program revenue:									
Charges for services	\$	4.7	\$	4.5					
Operating grants and contributions		6.5		3.1					
General revenue:									
Property taxes		14.2		13.9					
State foundation allowance		40.3		39.3					
Other		(0.1)		0.4					
Total revenue		65.6		61.2					
Functions/Program Expenses									
Instruction		32.2		31.6					
Support services		16.2		15.1					
Athletics		0.9		0.9					
Food services		1.6		1.4					
Community services		3.2		3.0					
Interest on long-term debt		6.1		6. l					
Debt issuance costs		0.1		0.6					
Depreciation (unallocated)		5.8		5.8					
Total functions/program expenses		66. I		64.5					
Decrease in Net Position		(0.5)		(3.3)					
Net Position - Beginning of year		(89.4)	_	(86.I <sub>)</sub>					
Net Position - End of year	<u>\$</u>	(89.9)	\$	(89.4)					

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

As reported in the statement of activities, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$66.1 million. Certain activities were partially funded from those who benefited from the programs, \$4.7 million, or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions, \$6.5 million. We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$14.2 million in taxes, \$40.3 million in state foundation allowance, and with our other revenue, i.e., interest and general entitlements.

The School District experienced a decrease in net position of \$0.5 million. A majority of the decrease is attributed to an increase in liabilities and deferred inflows related to the School District's share of the net pension liability.

As discussed above, the net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and the School District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Since property taxes for operations and unrestricted state aid constitute the vast majority of district operating revenue sources, the Board of Education and administration must annually evaluate the needs of the School District and balance those needs with State-prescribed available unrestricted resources.

#### **The School District's Funds**

As we noted earlier, the School District uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps the reader consider whether the School District is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it and may provide more insight into the School District's overall financial health.

As the School District completed this year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$8.7 million, which is an increase of \$1.3 million from last year. The primary reason for the increase was due to the positive operating results in the General Fund during the current year, with revenue exceeding expenditures for the first time since 2012. In addition, there was an increase in the fund balance of the 2010 Debt Service Fund, which operates quite differently than conventional tax-exempt bonds. The School District is required to levy taxes and invest the proceeds until the bond is paid in full at maturity, which will in effect continue to increase the School District's net assets until the maturity date.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the School District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenue and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. The final amendment to the budget was actually adopted just before year end. A schedule showing the School District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in required supplemental information of these financial statements.

There were significant revisions made to the 2016-2017 General Fund original budget. Budgeted revenue was increased \$1.1 million due to additional state categorical revenue, federal grant revenue, and county special education revenue than were originally estimated.

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

Budgeted expenditures were also increased by approximately \$310,000. Adjustments were made to increase MPSERS Section 147c costs (which were offset by the additional categorical funding received from the State), to remove the employee concession originally budgeted, and to account for mid-year retirements and staffing changes. In addition, a number of line items were reduced during the final amendment process because these items were not expected to be fully spent. This includes certain maintenance and operations accounts, utilities, and curriculum accounts. These items will be restored to normal levels in the 2017-2018 budget.

There were no significant variances between the final budget and actual amounts.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2017, the School District had \$122.7 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, vehicles, furniture, and equipment. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions, disposals, and depreciation) of approximately \$5.4 million, or 4.2 percent, from last year.

	2017			2016
Land	\$	2,419,502	\$	2,419,502
Buildings and building improvements		176,794,910		176,887,065
Buses and other vehicles		5,776,151		5,728,631
Furniture and equipment		21,045,408	_	21,000,233
Total capital assets		206,035,971		206,035,431
Less accumulated depreciation		(83,287,005)		(77,924,204)
Net capital assets	\$	122,748,966	<u>\$</u>	128,111,227

This year's additions of \$640,000 primarily consist of vehicles and 2010 bond projects. The additions were offset by disposals of \$639,000, which consist of portable classrooms, vehicles, and equipment.

#### Debt

At the end of this year, the School District had \$134.5 million in bonds outstanding versus \$150.9 million in the previous year - a change of 10.9 percent. Those bonds consisted of the following:

	2017	2016
General obligation bonds	\$ 134,540,000	\$ 150,925,000

The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that schools can issue to 15 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the School District's boundaries. If the School District issues "qualified debt," i.e., debt backed by the State of Michigan, such obligations are not subject to this debt limit. The School District had no outstanding unqualified general obligation debt.

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay, sick leave, and capital leases. We present more detailed information about our long-term liabilities in the notes to the financial statements.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

Our elected officials and administration consider many factors when setting the School District's fiscal year budget. One of the most important factors affecting the budget is our student count. The State foundation revenue is determined by multiplying the blended student count by the foundation allowance per pupil. The blended count for the 2017-2018 fiscal year is 10 percent and 90 percent of the February 2017 and September 2017 student counts, respectively. The budget was adopted in June 2017, based on an estimate of students that will be enrolled in September 2017. Under state law, the School District cannot assess additional property tax revenue for general operations. As a result, district funding is heavily dependent on the State's ability to fund local school operations.

From a revenue perspective, the 2017-2018 year will find the School District with slightly more dollars available (a budgeted 1.7 percent increase, or \$930,046). We have budgeted stable enrollment combined with an increased per-pupil allowance. In addition, we expect additional state categorical funding from Section 31a. Together, these items account for the slight increase in revenue.

Expenditures are budgeted to increase during the 2017-2018 year by approximately 3.7 percent, or \$1,946,330. As noted previously, adjustments were made to restore expenditures that were reduced during the final 2016-2017 amendment process to more normal levels. In addition, salaries and fringe benefits were adjusted for steps, lane changes, and formula increases, and minor inflationary increases were made across all categories. Ultimately, expenditures are budgeted to exceed revenue by \$500,775 and the School District's General Fund fund balance (excluding athletics) is expected to be 5.82 percent of expenditures, which is slightly higher than the minimum 5 percent threshold imposed by our union contracts.

On a positive note, the School District's General Fund fund balance will remain at a level that will enable the School District to continue to maintain quality educational programs and remain a "school of choice" in our region. Additionally, our employee labor contracts all call for concessions, significant if necessary, to enable the School District to maintain a minimum 5 percent fund balance going forward. These contracts are in place through the 2017-2018 school year.

Additionally, the School District recently put forth a sinking fund proposal to the voters. The proposal was passed in May 2017 and will be used to fund improvements to the School District's buildings and technology over the next 10 years.

#### **Contacting the District's Management**

This financial report is intended to provide our taxpayers, parents, and investors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the Business Office.

# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities
Assets Cash (Note 3)	\$ 5,338,451
Receivables (Note 4)	8,040,142
Inventories	134,062
Prepaid costs	637,700
Restricted assets (Note 8)	4,121,677
Capital assets - Net (Note 5)	122,748,966
Total assets	141,020,998
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Deferred outflows related to pensions	
(Note 10)	11,365,122
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	152,386,120
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	463,566
Accrued payroll-related liabilities	3,758,425
State aid anticipation note (Note 11)	4,232,338
Accrued interest	836,617
Due to other governmental units	980,644
Unearned revenue (Note 4)	88,958
Noncurrent liabilities (Note 7):	17 42 4 7 2 4
Due within one year	17,434,504
Due in more than one year	135,544,432
Net pension liability (Note 10)	76,396,790
Total liabilities	239,736,274
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Deferred inflows (Notes I and I0)	2,596,942
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	242,333,216
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	(29,787,561)
Restricted - Debt service	2,370,602
Unrestricted	(62,530,137)
Total net position	<u>\$ (89,947,096)</u>

### Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Program	R	et (Expense) Revenue and nanges in Net Position		
					Operating		
		(	Charges for	ges for Grants and			overnmental
	Expenses	_	Services		ontributions		Activities
Functions/Programs							
Primary government - Governmental activities:							
Instruction	\$ 32,159,999	\$	616,765	\$	3,510,721	\$	(28,032,513)
Support services	16,244,723		-		1,729,728		(14,514,995)
Athletics	909,891		255,998		-		(653,893)
Food services	1,605,807		1,165,504		557,061		116,758
Community services	3,207,815		2,633,637		-		(574,178)
Interest	6,099,520		-		658,049		(5,441,471)
Other	115,459		-		-		(115,459)
Depreciation expense (unallocated)	5,759,850		_	_		_	(5,759,850)
Total primary government	\$ 66,103,064	<u>\$</u>	4,671,904	\$	6,455,559		(54,975,601)
	General revenue Taxes:	:					
		VOC	, levied for gei	aera	Lournoses		4,307,353
			, levied for gel , levied for del				9,933,619
	State aid not r						40,260,236
	Interest and in		•	•	a. peses		16,089
	Loss on the sa		_				(222,143)
	Other		ı			_	112,706
	Т		_	54,407,860			
	Change in Net	Pos	sition				(567,741)
	Net Position -	Begi	nning of year			_	(89,379,355)
	Net Position -		<b>\$</b> (	(89,947,096)			

### Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2017

	Comb General			2010 Debt Service Fund		2015 Refunding, Series B Ebt Service Fund		Nonmajor Funds	G	Total Governmental Funds
Assets										
Cash (Note 3) Receivables (Note 4) Due from other funds (Note 6) Inventories Prepaid costs Restricted assets (Note 8)	8,02	23,882 27,565 - 8,250 37,700 -	\$	25 - - - 2,882,923	<b>\$</b>	- 123 - - - - 197,576	\$	314,569 12,429 2,296 15,812 - 1,041,178	\$	5,338,451 8,040,142 2,296 134,062 637,700 4,121,677
Total assets	\$ 13,80	7,397	\$	2,882,948	\$	197,699	\$	1,386,284	\$	18,274,328
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances		_								
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$ 42	27,489	\$	-	\$	-	\$	36,077	\$	463,566
Accrued payroll-related liabilities	3,74	15,468		-		-		12,957		3,758,425
State aid anticipation note	4.00									4 000 000
(Note II)		32,338		-		-		-		4,232,338
Unearned revenue (Note 4)		55,867		- 25		-		33,091		88,958
Due to other governmental units	90	30,408 2,296		25		127		84		980,644
Due to other funds (Note 6)		2,270	_				_		_	2,296
Total liabilities	9,44	13,866		25		127		82,209		9,526,227
Deferred Inflows of Resources -										
Unavailable revenue (Note 4)		5,788		-			_		_	5,788
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	9,44	19,654		25		127		82,209		9,532,015
Fund Balances Nonspendable:										
Inventory	- 11	8,250		-		-		15,812		134,062
Prepaid assets	63	37,700		-		-		-		637,700
Restricted:										
Capital projects		-		-		-		906,541		906,541
Debt service		-		2,882,923		197,572		126,724		3,207,219
Food service		-		-		-		254,998		254,998
Assigned - Budgeted use of fund	4-	70 124								470 124
balance in subsequent year		70,134 81,659		-		-		-		470,134 3,131,659
Unassigned	3,13	1,637					_		_	3,131,637
Total fund balances	4,35	7,743	_	2,882,923		197,572	_	1,304,075	_	8,742,313
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 13,80	7,397	<u>\$</u>	2,882,948	<u>\$</u>	197,699	<u>\$</u>	1,386,284	<u>\$</u>	18,274,328

# Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Fund Balance Reported in Governmental Funds		\$ 8,742,313
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds:  Cost of capital assets  Accumulated depreciation	\$ 206,035,971 (83,287,005)	122,748,966
Deferred outflows related to pension payments made subsequent to the measurement date		11,365,122
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the government funds:  Bonds payable (including premiums) and school		
loan revolving fund	(151,416,953)	
Compensated absences Notes payable	(39,311)	\$ (152,978,936)
Accrued interest payable is not included as a liability in the governmental funds		(836,617)
Grants and other receivables that are collected after year end, such that they are not available to pay bills outstanding as of year end, are not recognized in the funds		5,788
Net pension obligations do not present a claim on current financial resources and are not reported as fund liabilities		(76,396,790)
Deferred inflows related to pension investment returns and changes in assumptions are not reported in the governmental funds		(2,596,942)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (89,947,096)

### Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Combined General Fund		2010 Debt ervice Fund	Se	2015 Refunding, eries B Debt ervice Fund		Nonmajor Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Revenue	<b>.</b>				40		. ===		
Local sources State sources Federal sources Other	\$ 7,912,799 42,690,072 491,405 2,593,846	\$	1,070,076 7,314 658,049 -	\$	5,349,597 36,568 - -	\$ 	4,709,199 82,540 508,031	\$	19,041,671 42,816,494 1,657,485 2,593,846
Total revenue	53,688,122		1,735,439		5,386,165		5,299,770		66,109,496
Expenditures									
Current:									
Instruction	32,016,524		-		-		-		32,016,524
Support services	15,840,568		-		-		-		15,840,568
Athletics	905,736		-		-		-		905,736
Food services	-		-		-		1,596,571		1,596,571
Community services Debt service:	3,181,380		-		-		-		3,181,380
Principal	364,633		-		10,320,000		6,065,000		16,749,633
Interest	35,832		809,970		1,004,423		3,512,002		5,362,227
Other	, -		104,680		5,793		4,986		115,459
Capital outlay	374,397	_		_			346,133		720,530
Total expenditures	52,719,070		914,650	_	11,330,216	_	11,524,692	_	76,488,628
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	969,052		820,789		(5,944,051)		(6,224,922)		(10,379,132)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from sale of capital									
assets	19,777		-		-		-		19,777
Transfers in (Note 6)	29,580		-		-		13,969		43,549
Transfers out (Note 6)	-		-		-		(43,549)		(43,549)
School Bond Loan Revolving Fund									
proceeds			-	_	6,050,282	_	5,588,585	_	11,638,867
Total other financing sources	49,357				6,050,282	_	5,559,005		11,658,644
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,018,409		820,789		106,231		(665,917)		1,279,512
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	3,339,334		2,062,134		91,341		1,969,992		7,462,801
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 4,357,743	\$	2,882,923	\$	197,572	\$	1,304,075	\$	8,742,313

### **Governmental Funds**

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 1,279,512
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation:  Depreciation expense  Capitalized capital outlay	\$ (5,759,850) 639,509	(5,120,341)
Governmental funds report proceeds from the sale of assets as revenue; in the statement of activities, these are recorded net of carrying value of the disposed assets		(241,920)
Revenue is reported in the statement of activities when earned; it is not reported in the funds until collected or collectible within 60 days of year end		2,503
Bond and note proceeds provide financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of activities		(11,638,867)
Repayment of principal on bonds and notes payable are expenditures in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt)		16,749,633
Deferred interest is reported as an income in the governmental funds, but is capitalized and amortized in the statement of activities		(1,008,947)
Amortization of premiums of long-term debt is amortized in the statement of activities		315,590
Interest expense is recorded in the statement of activities when incurred; it is not reported in the governmental funds until paid		(43,936)
Change in pension expense related to deferred items		(508,157)
Compensated absences are recorded when earned in the statement of activities. In the current year, more was paid out than was earned		1,722
Revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to measurement date		(354,533)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (567,741)

# Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2017

	Student Activities Agency Fund		Pur	Private pose Trust 5/3 Bank	Pur	Private pose Trust	Private Purpose Trust - Swann Scholarship		
Assets Cash and investments Receivables	\$	808,811 -	\$	10,314 15,000	\$	29,433 -	\$	41,748 -	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	808,811		25,314		29,433		41,748	
<b>Liabilities</b> - Due to student groups and other	\$	808,811							
<b>Net Position</b> - Reserved for scholarships/projects awarded			\$	25,314	\$	29,433	\$	41,748	

### Fiduciary Funds - Private Purpose Trust Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2017

		5/3 Bank	_Aı	meritrust	Sc	Swann holarship
Additions - Interest and contributions	\$	15,104	\$	18,140	\$	181
<b>Deductions</b> - Scholarships/Projects awarded		16,810		16,450		5,000
Change in Net Position		(1,706)		1,690		(4,819)
Net Position - Beginning of year		27,020		27,743		46,567
Net Position - End of year	<u>\$</u>	25,314	\$	29,433	\$	41,748

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Hartland Consolidated Schools (the "School District") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the School District:

### **Reporting Entity**

The School District is governed by an elected seven-member Board of Education. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational financial relationships that determine which of the governmental organizations are a part of the School District's reporting entity and which organizations are legally separate component units of the School District. Based on the application of the criteria, the School District does not contain any component units.

#### **Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. All of the School District's government-wide activities are considered governmental activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenue includes (I) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes, intergovernmental payments, and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

# Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

**Government-wide Financial Statements** - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants, categorical aid, and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position or fund balance are available, the School District's policy is to first apply restricted resources. When an expense is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it is the School District's policy to spend funds in this order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Amounts reported as program revenue include (I) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes and unrestricted state aid.

**Fund Financial Statements** - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenue not meeting this definition is classified as a deferred inflow of resources. For this purpose, the School District considers revenue to be available if it is collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, unrestricted state aid, intergovernmental grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the School District.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

# Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fiduciary fund statements are also reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** - The General Fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the School District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**2010 Debt Service Fund** - The School District utilizes the 2010 Debt Service Fund to record tax, interest, and other revenue for payment of interest, principal, and other expenditures on the 2010 School Building and Site Bonds, Series B.

**2015 Refunding, Series B Debt Service Fund** - The School District previously refunded its School Bond Loan and School Loan Revolving Funds with the 2015 Refunding Bonds, Series B. The School District utilizes this debt service fund to record tax, interest, and other revenue for payment of interest, principal, and other expenditures on the bonded debt.

Additionally, the School District reports the following fund types:

**Special Revenue Funds** - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The School District's only special revenue fund is the Food Services Fund. The Food Services Fund's primary source of revenue is from federal grants and customer sales. Any operating deficit generated by food service activities is the responsibility of the General Fund.

**2010 Capital Projects Fund** - The 2010 Capital Projects Fund is used to record bond proceeds or other revenue and the disbursement of invoices specifically designated for remodeling buildings, acquiring and installing technology equipment, purchasing school buses, and developing and improving athletic fields and facilities, playgrounds, and sites. The fund operates until the purpose for which it was created is accomplished

**Debt Service Funds** - The various debt service funds are used to record tax, interest, and other revenue for payment of interest, principal, and other expenditures on the related bond issue.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

# Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Fiduciary Funds** - Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent. The Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for resources legally held in trust, including contributions received by the School District to be awarded in the form of scholarships. The Student Activities Agency Fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve the measurement of results of operations. This fund is used to record the transactions of student groups for school and school-related purposes. The funds are segregated and held in trust for the students.

### Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

**Cash and Investments** - Cash and investments include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value. Investment income is recorded in the fund for which the investment account was established.

Receivables and Payables - In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." The School District considers all receivables to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible amounts is recorded. Property taxes are assessed as of December 31 and the related property taxes become a lien on December 1 of the following year. These taxes are billed on July 1 for approximately 35 percent of the taxes and on December 1 for the remainder of the property taxes. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1 of the following year. At this time, penalties and interest are assessed and the total obligation is added to the county tax rolls.

**Inventories and Prepaid Costs** - Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid costs in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Restricted Assets** - The unspent bond proceeds and related interest of the capital projects funds require amounts to be set aside for construction. In addition, property tax collections of the debt service funds are required to be spent on bonded indebtedness. These amounts have been classified as restricted assets.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

# Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition cost at the date of donation. Costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value or materially extend asset life are not capitalized. The School District does not have infrastructure-type assets.

Buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and building additions	20 to 50 years
Buses and other vehicles	5 to 10 years
Furniture and other equipment	5 to 10 years

Compensated Absences (Vacation Leave) - The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide statements consists of earned but unused accumulated vacation benefits. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds as it comes due for payment. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments at normal retirement age and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon normal retirement are included.

**Long-term Obligations** - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, in the year incurred.

The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

# Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources** - In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then. The School District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category, the deferred outflows related to pensions reported in the government-wide statement of net position

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School District has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, and is therefore only reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable receivables that are not collected during the period of availability. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The other deferred inflow of resources relates to the deferred inflow related to the pension plan of \$229,552 (see Note 10) and the Section 147c allocation of \$2,367,390 from the State of Michigan.

**Fund Balance** - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following components of fund balance:

- Nonspendable: Amounts that are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact
- Restricted: Amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation for use for a specific purpose
- Committed: Amounts that have been formally set aside by the Board of Education for use for specific purposes. Commitments are made and can be rescinded only via resolution of the Board of Education.
- Assigned: Intent to spend resources on specific purposes expressed by the Board of Education or superintendent, who is authorized by policy approved by the Board of Education to make assignments

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

# Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Unassigned: Amounts that do not fall into any other category above. This is the
residual classification for amounts in the General Fund and represents fund balance
that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or
assigned to specific purposes in the General Fund. In other governmental funds, only
negative unassigned amounts are reported, if any, and represent expenditures
incurred for specific purposes exceeding the amounts previously restricted,
committed, or assigned to those purposes.

**Use of Estimates** - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Comparative Data/Reclassifications** - Comparative data are not included in the School District's financial statements.

**Pensions** - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. MPSERS uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized as expense when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Related plan investments are reported at fair value.

### Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

**Budgetary Information** - Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and state law for the General Fund and all special revenue funds. In addition, a budget is adopted for the capital projects and debt service funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The budget document presents information by fund, function, and object. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level. State law requires the School District to have its budget in place by July I. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted are a violation of Michigan law. State law permits districts to amend their budgets during the year. During the year, the budget was amended in April and June 2017 in a legally permissible manner.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued)

The General Fund budget is presented consistent with the original and amended budget adopted. The budget for the athletics program was adopted separately and the actual results reported, as required by GASB Statement No. 54, as part of the General Fund on the statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance but are excluded from the budgetary comparison schedule - General Fund.

Budget appropriations are considered to be spent once the goods are delivered or the services rendered.

**Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds** - The School District did not have significant expenditure budget variances.

**Capital Projects Funds Compliance** - The capital projects funds include capital project activities funded with bonds issued after May I, 1994, which is when §1351a went into effect. For these capital projects, the School District has complied with the applicable provisions of §1351a of the State of Michigan's School Code.

Beginning with the year of bond issuance, the School District has reported the annual construction activity in the 2010 Capital Projects Fund. The projects for which the 2010 Bond was issued were considered complete on May 27, 2014 and the cumulative expenditures recognized for the construction period were \$27,852,647.

### **Note 3 - Deposits and Investments**

State statutes authorize the School District to make deposits in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The School District is allowed to invest in U.S. Treasury or agency obligations, U.S. government repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase, mutual funds, and investment pools that are composed of authorized investment vehicles. The School District's deposits are in accordance with statutory authority.

The School District has designated two banks for the deposit of its funds.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The School District's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the School District's deposit balance of \$7,654,531 had \$7,154,531 of bank deposits (money market and checking accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The School District believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the School District evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Custodial Credit Risk of Investments - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District's policy for custodial credit risk states that custodial credit risk will be minimized by limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by state law and by pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the School District will do business using the criteria established in the investment policy. The uninsured and unregistered investments listed in the chart below are held by a counterparty.

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The School District's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities, other than commercial paper which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity. The School District's policy minimizes interest rate risk by requiring structuring of the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools; and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the School District's cash requirements.

**Credit Risk** - State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The School District's investment policy does not further limit its investment choices.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

At year end, the maturities of investments and the credit quality ratings of debt securities are as follows:

Investment	Fair Value	Maturities	Rating	Rating Organization	
U.S. Treasury STRIPS	\$ 2,770,040	2/15/2027	Aaa	Moody's	

**Concentration of Credit Risk** - The School District places no limit on the amount the School District may invest in any one issuer. Any investment over 5 percent of total investments is a concentration. The investment listed above is considered a concentration.

**Fair Value Measurements** - The following note provides information about the School District's assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis at June 30, 2017 and the valuation techniques used by the School District to determine those fair values.

In general, fair values determined by Level 1 inputs use quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the School District has the ability to access.

Fair values determined by Level 2 inputs use other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly. These Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets in active markets and other inputs such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs, including inputs that are available in situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the related asset.

In instances whereby inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The School District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset.

The School District has \$2,770,040 in U.S. Treasury STRIPS that are measured using Level I inputs.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### **Note 4 - Receivables and Unavailable/Unearned Revenue**

Receivables as of year end for the School District's individual major funds and the nonmajor funds in the aggregate are as follows:

2015

	Combined eneral Fund	_	2010 Debt Service Fund	Refunding, Series B Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Funds	 Total
Receivables: Accounts receivable Intergovernmental	\$ 157,915 7,869,650	\$	25 -	\$   123  -	\$ 3,510 8,919	\$ 161,573 7,878,569
Total receivables	\$ 8,027,565	\$	25	\$ 123	\$ 12,429	\$ 8,040,142

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unearned and unavailable revenue are as follows:

	Governmental Funds						
	D	eferred					
	Inflow -			Liability -			
	Un	available	Unearned				
General Fund	\$	(5,788)	\$	(55,867)			
Nonmajor funds			_	(33,091)			
Total deferred revenue	<u>\$</u>	(5,788)	<u>\$</u>	(88,958)			

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### **Note 5 - Capital Assets**

Capital asset activity of the School District's governmental activities was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2016	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2017		
Capital assets not being depreciated - Land	\$ 2,419,502	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,419,502		
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and building improvements Furniture and equipment	176,887,065 21,000,233 5,728,631	235,315 303,609 100,585	327,470 258,434 53,065	176,794,910 21,045,408 5,776,151		
Buses and other vehicles Subtotal	203,615,929	639,509	638,969	203,616,469		
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings and building						
improvements Furniture and equipment Buses and other vehicles	60,753,207 15,059,683 2,111,314	4,525,568 604,654 629,628	280,787 70,826 45,436	64,997,988 15,593,511 2,695,506		
Subtotal	77,924,204	5,759,850	397,049	83,287,005		
Net capital assets being depreciated	125,691,725	(5,120,341)	241,920	120,329,464		
Net capital assets	\$ 128,111,227	\$ (5,120,341)	\$ 241,920	\$ 122,748,966		

Depreciation expense was not charged to activities as the School District considers its assets to impact multiple activities and allocation is not practical.

### Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

		Fun	d Due
	_	F	rom
	_	General	
Fund Due To	_	F	und
Nonmajor governmental funds	9	\$	2,296

These balances result from the time lag between the dates that goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

Interfund transfers reported in the fund financial statements are comprised of the following:

	Nonmajor				
	Gove	rnmental			
Fund Advanced To	F	unds			
General Fund	\$	29,580			
Nonmajor governmental funds		13,969			
Total	\$	43,549			

Transfers from the nonmajor funds to the General Fund represent indirect costs paid from the Food Services Fund. Transfers between the nonmajor funds represent transfers made to reallocate debt funds.

### Note 7 - Long-term Debt

The School District issues bonds, notes, and other contractual commitments to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and the acquisition of certain equipment. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District. Qualified bonds are fully guaranteed by the State of Michigan. Notes and installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the School District. Other long-term obligations include compensated absences.

Long-term debt activity can be summarized as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Bonds Notes	\$150,925,000 1,887,305	\$ -	\$ 16,385,000 364,633	\$134,540,000 1,522,672	\$ 16,745,000 373,914
School Loan Revolving Fund Compensated absences	8,090 41.033	11,736,063	- 1.722	11,744,153	3/3,/14 - -
Premium on bonds Deferred outflow - Deferred	5,448,390	-	315,590	5,132,800	315,590
interest charges	(1,008,947)		(1,008,947)		
Total governmental activities	\$157,300,871	\$ 11,736,063	\$ 16,057,998	\$152,978,936	\$ 17,434,504

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### **Note 7 - Long-term Debt (Continued)**

The School District issued Build America Bonds in 2010. Build America Bonds, a program under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, provides funding for state and local governments at lower borrowing costs. The program is designed to provide a federal subsidy for a larger portion of the borrowing costs of state and local governments than traditional tax-exempt bonds. The federal interest subsidy is indicated as a reduction of interest payments in the table below. The net interest column indicates the amount of cash that the School District will pay in interest.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above bond and note obligations are as follows:

	Governmental Activities									
Years Ending	 Maximum									
June 30	Principal	_	Interest	Interest Subsidy		!	Vet Interest		Total - Net	
2018	\$ 17,118,914	\$	5,032,121	\$	(706,440)	\$	4,325,681	\$	21,444,595	
2019	17,505,816		4,675,842		(706,440)		3,969,402		21,475,218	
2020	17,942,844		4,265,191		(706,440)		3,558,751		21,501,595	
2021	18,339,702		3,799,440		(706,440)		3,093,000		21,432,702	
2022	6,725,396		3,284,995		(706,440)		2,578,555		9,303,951	
2023-2027	40,360,000		12,625,513		(3,532,200)		9,093,313		49,453,313	
2028-2032	15,335,000		2,248,338		-		2,248,338		17,583,338	
2033-2035	 2,735,000		274,250	_	_		274,250		3,009,250	
Total	\$ 136,062,672	\$	36,205,690	\$	(7,064,400)	\$	29,141,290	\$	165,203,962	

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### **Note 7 - Long-term Debt (Continued)**

### **Governmental Activities**

General obligation bonds consist of the following:

\$12,180,000 - 2010 building and site serial bond, Series B, due on May I, 2027; interest at 6.65 percent	\$ 12,180,000
\$36,960,000 - 2011 partial refunding of the 2001 refunding bond due in annual installments of $$3,730,000$ to $$3,845,000$ through May I, 2021; interest at $3.50$ percent	15,160,000
\$30,035,000 - 2011 refunding of the 2001 refunding bond due in annual installments of $$3,550,000$ to $$3,975,000$ beginning May 1, 2022 through May 1, 2029; interest from 4.00 percent to 5.25 percent	29,835,000
\$6,770,000 - 2015 refunding of the 2004 refunding bond due in annual installments of \$1,000,000 to \$1,100,000 through May 1, 2022; interest at 2.00 percent	5,300,000
\$55,770,000 - 2015 refunding of the School Bond Loan Fund and School Loan Revolving Fund debt due in annual installments of \$10,700,000 to \$12,100,000 beginning May 1, 2017 through May 1, 2021; interest from 1.386 percent to 2.478 percent	45,450,000
\$26,615,000 - 2016 refunding of the 2010 School Building and Site Bonds - Series C and partial refunding of the 2007 Building and Site serial bond due in annual installments of \$870,000 to \$2,185,000 beginning May 1, 2018 through May 1, 2035; interest from 4.00	
percent to 5.00 percent	26,615,000
Total	\$ 134,540,000

Notes consist of the following:

				Remaining	to Maturity		
Date	Original Amount	Interest Rate	Due Date	 Principal		Interest	
June 6, 2014 April 9, 2015 March 8, 2016	\$ 540,493 810,436 839,546	1.67 % 1.78 1.99	5/1/2020 5/1/2021 11/1/2021	\$ 276,579 550,400 695,693	\$	8,139 22,271 35,068	
Total	\$ 2,190,475			\$ 1,522,672	\$	65,478	

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### **Note 7 - Long-term Debt (Continued)**

School Loan Revolving Fund - The school loan revolving fund payable represents notes payable to the State of Michigan for loans made to the School District, as authorized by the 1963 State of Michigan Constitution, for the purpose of paying principal and interest on general obligation bonds of the School District issued for capital expenditures. Interest rates are to be annually determined by the State Administrative Board. Interest rates ranged from 3.13 percent to 3.22 percent from July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017. Repayment is required when the millage rate necessary to cover the annual bonded debt service falls below 7 mills. The School District is required to levy 7 mills and repay to the State any excess of the amount levied over the bonded debt service requirements. At June 30, 2017, the principal and accrued interest balance of the School Loan Revolving Fund was \$11,646,785 and \$97,368, respectively.

#### **Note 8 - Restricted Assets**

The balances for the restricted asset accounts are as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Unspent bond proceeds and related interest Debt service funds	\$ 914,451 3,207,226
Total restricted assets	\$ 4,121,677

### **Note 9 - Risk Management**

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The School District has purchased commercial insurance for property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and medical benefit claims and participates in the SET-SEG risk pool for claims relating to employee injuries. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The shared-risk pool program in which the School District participates operates as a common risk-sharing management program for school districts in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

**Plan Description** - The School District participates in the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS or the "System"), a statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system governed by the State of Michigan that covers substantially all employees of the School District. Certain School District employees also receive defined contribution retirement and healthcare benefits through the System. The System provides retirement, survivor, and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The System also provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees and beneficiaries who elect to receive those benefits.

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information for the pension and postemployment healthcare plans. That report is available on the web at http://www.michigan.gov/orsschools, or by writing to the Office of Retirement System (ORS) at 7150 Harris Drive, P.O. Box 30171, Lansing, MI 48909.

**Contributions** - Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, required the School District to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of pension benefits of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by state statute and may be amended only by action of the state legislature. Under these provisions, each school district's contribution is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance a portion of the unfunded accrued liability.

The School District's contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are seven different benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS.

The range of rates is as follows:

#### **School District**

October 1, 2015 - September 30, 2016 14.56% - 18.95% October 1, 2016 - June 30, 2017 15.27% - 19.03%

Depending on the plan selected, plan member contributions range from 0 percent up to 7.0 percent of gross wages. Plan members electing into the defined contribution plan are not required to make additional contributions.

The School District's required and actual contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2017 were approximately \$7,476,000, which includes the School District's contributions required for those members with a defined contribution benefit. The School District's required and actual contributions include an allocation of approximately \$2,367,000 revenue received from the State of Michigan, and remitted to the System, to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate for the year ended June 30, 2017.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

# Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

**Benefits Provided** - Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by state statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan.

Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are calculated as final average compensation times years of service times a pension factor ranging from 1.25 percent to 1.50 percent. The requirements to retire range from attaining the age of 46 to 60 with years of service ranging from 5 to 30 years, depending on when the employee became a member. Early retirement is computed in the same manner as a regular pension, but is permanently reduced 0.50 percent for each full and partial month between the pension effective date and the date the member will attain age 60. There is no mandatory retirement age.

Members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. The disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings are limited to 100 percent of the participant's final average compensation with an increase of 2 percent each year thereafter.

Benefits may transfer to a beneficiary upon death and are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits, but with an actuarial reduction.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employee's retirement date. The annual adjustment, if applicable, is 3 percent. For some members who do not receive an annual increase, they are eligible to receive a supplemental payment in those years when investment earnings exceed actuarial assumptions.

Net Pension Liability, Deferrals, and Pension Expense - At June 30, 2017, the School District reported a liability of \$76,396,790 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2016 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2015, which used update procedures to roll forward the estimated liability to September 30, 2016. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2016, the School District's proportion was 0.30621 percent.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

# Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the School District recognized pension expense of \$7,857,575, inclusive of payments to fund the MPSERS UAAL Stabilization Rate. At June 30, 2017, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 952,106 1,194,404	\$ (181,062)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan assets	1,269,714	-
Changes in proportion and differences between the School District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,784,046	(48,490)
The School District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	6,164,852	(40,470)
Total	\$ 11,365,122	\$ (229,552)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending June 30			Amount
2018		\$	1,177,626
2019			1,077,815
2020			2,303,428
2021			411,849
2022			-
Thereafter		_	_
	Total	\$	4,970,718

In addition, the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next year.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

# Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

**Actuarial Assumptions** - The total pension liability as of September 30, 2016 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2015 and rolled forward:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal cost actuarial cost method

Investment rate of return 7.00 to 8.00 percent, net of investment expenses based on

the groups

Salary increases 3.50 - 12.3 percent, including wage inflation of 3.5 percent

Mortality basis RP2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, adjusted for

mortality improvements to 2025 using projection scale BB

Cost of living pension

adjustments 3 percent annual noncompounded for MIP members

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods 2007 through 2012 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension valuations beginning with the September 30, 2014 valuation.

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00-8.00 percent depending on the plan option. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at contractually required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

# Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Target	<b>Expected Real</b>
Investment Category	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools	28.0 %	5.9 %
Private equity pools	18.0	9.2
International equity pools	16.0	7.2
Fixed-income pools	10.0	0.9
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.0	4.3
Real return, opportunistic, and absolute pool	16.0	6.0
Short-term investment pools	2.0	-
Total	100.0 %	

On February 23, 2017, MPSERS approved a decrease in the discount rate for the September 30, 2016 annual actuarial valuation of 0.5 percent. As a result, the actuarial computed employer contributions and the net pension liability will increase for the measurement period ending September 30, 2017.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the net pension liability of the School District calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 - 8.0 percent, depending on the plan option. The following also reflects what the School District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00 percentage point lower (6.0 - 7.0 percent) or 1.00 percentage point higher (8.0 - 9.0 percent) than the current rate:

1.00 Percent Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1.00 Percent Increase
(6.0 - 7.0 Percent)	(7.0 - 8.0 Percent)	(8.0 - 9.0 Percent)
\$98.379.835	\$76,396,790	\$57.862.969

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position** - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS financial report.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

# Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

**Payable to the Pension Plan** - At June 30, 2017, the School District reported a payable of \$971,334 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) - Under the MPSERS act, all retirees participating in the MPSERS pension plan have the option of continuing health, dental, and vision coverage through MPSERS. Retirees electing this coverage contribute an amount equivalent to the monthly cost for Part B Medicare and 10 percent, or 20 percent for those not Medicare eligible, of the monthly premium amount for the health, dental, and vision coverage at the time of receiving the benefits. The MPSERS board of trustees annually sets the employer contribution rate to fund the benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Participating employers are required to contribute at that rate. The employer contribution rate ranged from 6.4 percent to 6.83 percent of covered payroll for the period from July 1, 2016 to September 30, 2016 and from 5.69 percent to 5.91 percent of covered payroll for the period from October 1, 2016 through June 30, 2017 dependent upon the employee's date of hire and plan election as noted above. Members can choose to contribute 3 percent of their covered payroll to the Retiree Healthcare Fund and keep this premium subsidy benefit or they can elect not to pay the 3 percent contribution and instead choose the Personal Healthcare Fund, which can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Members electing the Personal Healthcare Fund will be automatically enrolled in a 2 percent employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date and create a 2 percent employer match into the employee's 403(b) account.

The School District's required and actual contributions to the plan for retiree healthcare benefits for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$1,606,934, \$1,500,795, and \$910,900, respectively. In addition, a portion ranging from 35-100 percent of the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate is considered a contribution to the retiree healthcare plan.

#### Note II - State Aid Anticipation Note

In August 2016, the School District borrowed \$4,160,000 in a state aid anticipation note. The note bears interest at 2.0 percent and is due in August 2017. At June 30, 2017, the School District has accrued interest of \$72,338 on this note. The note, plus the accrued interest, was paid subsequent to June 30, 2017.

#### **Note 12 - Subsequent Events**

Subsequent to June 30, 2017, the School District borrowed \$3,500,000 at 2.0 percent annual interest on a state aid anticipation note. The note, plus interest, is due August 20, 2018.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### **Note 13 - Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements**

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which addresses reporting by governments that provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) to their employees and for governments that finance OPEB for employees of other governments. This OPEB standard will require the School District to recognize on the face of the financial statements its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability related to its participation in the MPSERS plan. The statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and required supplemental information (RSI). The School District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the School District's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2018.

In January 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. The School District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the School District's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2020.

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, which improves accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The School District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the School District's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2021.

# **Required Supplemental Information**

### Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund\* Year Ended June 30, 2017

	O	riginal Budget		Final Budget		Actual		er (Under) nal Budget
		ingiriai Baagee	_	mai Baager	_	7 (0:00)		iai Budget
Revenue								
Local sources	\$	7,463,121	\$	7,645,891	\$	7,656,801	\$	10,910
State sources	•	42,300,131		42,672,599	•	42,690,072	•	17,473
Federal sources		427,394		502,038		491,405		(10,633)
Other		2,162,911	_	2,601,416	_	2,593,846		(7,570)
Total revenue		52,353,557		53,421,944		53,432,124		10,180
Expenditures								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Basic program		26,509,301		26,200,277		26,035,944		(164,333)
Added needs		5,833,572		6,039,113		5,982,150		(56,963)
Support services:		, ,				, ,		, ,
Pupil		865,321		1,578,700		1,565,032		(13,668)
Instructional staff		1,875,154		1,271,864		1,236,770		(35,094)
General administration		1,255,967		1,249,895		1,248,925		(970)
School administration		3,039,026		3,215,850		3,187,909		(27,941)
Business		771,868		653,325		662,786		9,461
Operations and maintenance		5,094,081		5,092,930		5,027,855		(65,075)
Pupil transportation services		2,278,604		2,331,419		2,290,103		(41,316)
Central		388,909		594,002		572,026		(21,976)
Other		202,595		206,325		203,335		(2,990)
Community services		3,016,076		3,208,270		3,181,380		(26,890)
Debt service:		_,,		-,,		-,,		(==,=:=)
Principal		364,633		364,633		364,633		_
Interest		81,255		35,833		35,832		(1)
Capital outlay		335,538		180,000		175,107		(4,893)
. ,		51,911,900	_	52,222,436		51,769,787		(452,649)
Total expenditures		31,711,700	_	32,222,430	_	31,707,707		(432,047)
<b>Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures</b>		441,657		1,199,508		1,662,337		462,829
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		6,610		14,215		19,777		5,562
Transfers in		45,166		29,542		29,580		38
Transfers out		(725,410)		(727,756)		(727,756)		-
Total other financing uses		(673,634)		(683,999)		(678,399)		5,600
Net Change in Fund Balance		(231,977)		515,509		983,938		468,429
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		2,877,262		3,181,999		3,181,999		
Fund Balance - End of year		2,645,285	_	3,697,508		4,165,937	\$	468,429

<sup>\*</sup>Does not include Athletics Subfund

### Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Hartland Consolidated Schools' Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System Determined as of the Plan Year Ended September 30

	 2016	2015	2014
School District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.30621 %	0.30230 %	0.29457 %
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 76,396,790 \$	73,836,008	64,883,693
School District's covered employee payroll	25,961,095	25,208,712	24,770,772
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	294.27 %	292.90 %	261.94 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	63.01 %	62.92 %	66.20 %

### Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Hartland Consolidated Schools' Contributions Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System Determined as of the Year Ended June 30

	 2017	 2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 7,424,055	\$ 7,182,838	\$ 5,401,001
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	7,424,055	7,182,838	5,401,001
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-
School District's covered employee payroll	26,765,504	25,875,781	24,676,189
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	27.74 %	27.76 %	21.89 %

### Note to Required Supplemental Information Schedules Year Ended June 30, 2017

**Benefit Changes** - There were no changes to benefit terms for the plan year ended September 30, 2016.

**Changes in Assumptions** - There were no changes of benefit assumptions for the plan year ended September 30, 2016.

# **Other Supplemental Information**

### Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Combined General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2017

				ı	Eliminating		
	C	General Fund	Athletics		Entries	Tota	l General Fund
Revenue							
Local sources	\$	7,656,801	\$ 255,998	\$	-	\$	7,912,799
State sources		42,690,072	-		-		42,690,072
Federal sources		491,405	-		-		491,405
Other		2,593,846	 -	_	-		2,593,846
Total revenue		53,432,124	255,998		-		53,688,122
Expenditures							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Basic program		26,034,374	=		-		26,034,374
Added needs		5,982,150	=		-		5,982,150
Support services:							
Pupil		1,565,032	-		-		1,565,032
Instructional staff		1,236,770	-		-		1,236,770
General administration		1,248,925	-		-		1,248,925
School administration		3,187,909	-		-		3,187,909
Business		662,786	-		-		662,786
Operations and maintenance		4,927,270	-		-		4,927,270
Pupil transportation services		2,290,103	-		-		2,290,103
Central		572,026	-		-		572,026
Other		149,747	-		-		149,747
Athletics		-	905,736		-		905,736
Community services		3,181,380	-		-		3,181,380
Debt service:							
Principal		364,633	-		-		364,633
Interest		35,832	-		-		35,832
Capital outlay	_	330,850	 43,547	_	-		374,397
Total expenditures	_	51,769,787	 949,283		-		52,719,070
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		1,662,337	(693,285)		-		969,052
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		19,777	-		-		19,777
Transfers in		29,580	727,756		(727,756)		29,580
Transfers out	_	(727,756)	=	_	727,756		
Total other financing (uses) sources		(678,399)	727,756		-		49,357
Net Change in Fund Balances		983,938	34,471		-		1,018,409
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		3,181,999	157,335		_		3,339,334
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	4,165,937	\$ 191,806	\$	-	\$	4,357,743

		Special								
		Revenue								
	_	Fund				Debt Ser	vice l	Funds		
								2011		2015
		Food	2	007		2011	Re	efunding,	R	efunding,
		Services	Refu	unding	R	efunding		Series B	9	Series A
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	314,569	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Receivables		12,348		-		37		8		15
Due from other funds		2,296		-		-		-		-
Inventories		15,812		-		-		-		-
Restricted assets	_			-	_	60,129	_	12,878	_	23,557
Total assets	\$	345,025	\$	-	\$	60,166	\$	12,886	\$	23,572
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	28,167	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued payroll-related liabilities		12,957		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		33,091		-		-		-		-
Due to other governmental units	_				_	39	_	8	_	15
Total liabilities		74,215		-		39		8		15
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable - Inventory		15,812		-		-		-		-
Restricted:										
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		60,127		12,878		23,557
Food service	_	254,998			_		_	-	_	-
Total fund balances	_	270,810		-	_	60,127	_	12,878		23,557
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	345,025	\$		\$	60,166	\$	12,886	\$	23,572

## Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

					Capital Projects		
	Debt Ser	vice	Funds		Fund		
				_			Total
				20	10 Capital		Nonmajor
	2016				Projects	G	overnmental
R	efunding		Total	Combined			Funds
				_			
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	314,569
Ψ	21	٣	81	۳	_	۳	12,429
	-		-		-		2,296
	-		-		-		15,812
	30,163		126,727	_	914,451	_	1,041,178
\$	30,184	\$	126,808	\$	914,451	\$	1,386,284
\$	_	\$	_	\$	7,910	\$	36,077
	-		-		-		12,957
	-		-		-		33,091
	22	_	84	_		_	84
	22		84		7,910		82,209
	-		-		-		15,812
	-		-		906,541		906,541
	30,162		126,724		-		126,724
	-			_		_	254,998
_	30,162		126,724		906,541	_	1,304,075
\$	30,184	\$	126,808	\$	914,451	\$	1,386,284

	Special					
	Revenue Fund	Debt Service Funds				
	Food Services	2007 Refunding	2011 Refunding	2011 Refunding, Series B	2015 Refunding, Series A	
Revenue	*	<u> </u>	<b>.</b>			
Local sources	\$ 1,180,504	\$ 465,403	\$ 1,628,278	\$ 348,892	\$ 639,702	
State sources	58,453 508,031	3,180	11,129	2,385	4,372	
Federal sources	306,031					
Total revenue	1,746,988	468,583	1,639,407	351,277	644,074	
Expenditures						
Current - Food services	1,596,571	-	-	-	-	
Debt service:						
Principal	-	1,125,000	3,875,000	-	1,065,000	
Interest	=	45,000	666,225	1,372,775	148,600	
Other	- 44,345	460	1,862	594	1,132	
Capital outlay	44,343					
Total expenditures	1,640,916	1,170,460	4,543,087	1,373,369	1,214,732	
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	106,072	(701,877)	(2,903,680)	(1,022,092)	(570,658)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers out	(29,580)	(13,969)	-	-	-	
School Bond Loan Revolving Fund proceeds		637,483	2,632,076	1,019,949	508,672	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(29,580)	623,514	2,632,076	1,019,949	508,672	
Net Change in Fund Balances	76,492	(78,363)	(271,604)	(2,143)	(61,986)	
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	194,318	78,363	331,731	15,021	85,543	
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 270,810	<u> </u>	\$ 60,127	\$ 12,878	\$ 23,557	

### Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2017

\$	30,162	\$	126,724	\$	906,541	\$	1,304,075
_	61,154	_	571,812	_	1,203,862	_	1,969,992
	(30,992)		(445,088)		(297,321)		(665,917)
_	804,374	_	5,588,585	_	-	_	5,559,005
	790,405	_	5,588,585			_	5,588,585
	-		(13,969)		-		(43,549)
	13,969		13,969		_		13,969
	(835,366)		(6,033,673)		(297,321)		(6,224,922)
_	1,280,340	_	9,581,988	_	301,788	_	11,524,692
_					301,788		346,133
	938		4,986		-		4,986
	1,279,402		3,512,002		-		3,512,002
	-		6,065,000		-		6,065,000
	-		-		-		1,596,571
	444,974		3,548,315		4,467		5,299,770
_	-	_	-	_	-	_	508,031
\$	441,953 3,021	\$	3,524,228 24,087	\$	4,467	\$	4,709,199 82,540
	Refunding	_	Total		Combined		Funds
	2016				Projects	G	overnmental 
				2	010 Capital		Nonmajor
				_			Total
_	Debt Serv	/ice	Funds	Pr	ojects Fund		
					Capital		

### Other Supplemental Information Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness Year Ended June 30, 2017

June 30	2010 School Building and Site Bonds, Series B Principal	2011 Refunding Bonds Principal	2011 Refunding Bonds, Series B Principal	2015 Refunding Bonds, Series A Principal	2015 Refunding Bonds, Series B (SBLF) Principal	2016 Refunding Bonds Principal
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034	\$ - - - - - - - 12,180,000 - - - - -	\$ 3,845,000 3,810,000 3,775,000 3,730,000 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - - 3,975,000 3,900,000 3,840,000 3,625,000 3,600,000 3,575,000 - - - - -	\$ 1,075,000 1,100,000 1,075,000 1,050,000 1,000,000 - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 10,700,000 11,075,000 11,575,000 12,100,000 	\$ 1,125,000 1,140,000 1,130,000 1,160,000 1,670,000 1,730,000 1,815,000 1,970,000 2,035,000 2,100,000 2,155,000 2,185,000 870,000 900,000 910,000
2035			_	-	_	920,000
Total principal	\$12,180,000	\$15,160,000	\$ 29,835,000	\$ 5,300,000	\$45,450,000	\$ 26,615,000
Principal payments due	May I	May I	May I	May I	May I	May I
Interest payments due Interest rate	May I and November I 6.65% (excluding subsidized portions)	May I and November I 3.50%	May I and November I 4.00% to 5.25%	May I and November I 2.00%	May I and November I 1.386% to 2.478%	May I and November I 4.00% to 5.00%
Original issue	\$ 12,180,000	\$ 36,960,000	\$ 30,035,000	\$ 6,770,000	\$ 55,770,000	\$ 26,615,000